

Owner's Manual Dryer 2.1



Please study this manual carefully before unpacking, installing, and operating the device.

Rev. 08 – July 2025

CHANGE HISTORY FOR DR2.1

Rev.	Status	Date	Revision memo	Created/changed by
01	IFI	24/10/2022	First version	Philipp Endres
02	IFI	24/11/2022	Overall updates in safety, pictures and more	Philipp Endres
03	IFI	11/01/2023	Correcting spelling errors and improving formatting	Philipp Endres
04	IFI	15/02/2023	Correcting spelling errors and improving formatting	Philipp Endres
05	IFI	12/05/2023	Update H2 purge line	Philipp Endres
06	IFI	21/09/023	Hydrogen detection mandatory, ETL requirements	Philipp Endres
07	IFI	22/07/2024	Updated conformity information / General edit and proofread for clarity	Beth De Felici
08	IFI	09/07/2025	Updated warranty information/Updated Images	Beth De Felici

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PREFACE

Thank you for choosing Enapter. Please study this manual carefully before unpacking, installing, and operating the device.

If you have any further questions, please contact the Enapter customer support team. Quote the device serial number and hardware number on the back of the device to help identify your product quickly.

ENAPTER SRL

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SCOPE OF THE DOCUMENT

This manual provides information needed to carry out the installation and usage of your Enapter device safely and as intended.

Keep this document in a safe place and readily available. Always follow its instructions. It is the operator's responsibility to ensure that an installed device is always in proper condition. Please observe any additional local requirements applicable to the installation and operation of hydrogen devices.

APPROVED USE

This device must only be operated for its intended purpose, according to the specifications and instructions provided in this document.

Observance of this document is part of "normal use".

Danger! Improper use of the device can result in serious injuries and damage to the environment.

- Always use the device according to the specifications described in this document.
- Ensure that the manual is always accessible.
- Make sure you have read and understood this document in its entirety.
- Comply with all safety instructions and warnings.
- Store the manual and other documentation in a safe and accessible place and pass them on to future owners and operators of the device.
- Comply with all relevant local safety guidelines, rules, directives, and regulations.
- Enapter does not guarantee efficiency, safety, and functionality in case of modifications not described in this document.
- Enapter is not responsible for any damage caused by the device or to the device based on improper operation or setup.





TERMS

The following terms are used in this document:

- **Device**: Device means the unit, including its hardware and software as well as contained materials and substances.
- System: System means the combination of devices, tubes, pipes, and equipment from Enapter and other manufacturers which are connected physically, logically, or in any other way to produce, store, use, transfer, or convert hydrogen and related substances.
- Operator: The operator is the responsible person in charge who operates, installs, connects, maintains, and/or owns the device, its subcomponents, and additional components. To simplify reading, this document only refers to the operator to distinguish from Enapter but may also include the user, customer, client, owner, installer, instructor, system integrator, or persons who are responsible for safe operation of the device.



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1. OVERVIEW OF THE DRYER

Enapter's hydrogen dryer is a standardized, stackable, and flexible device to dry hydrogen. The modular, easily maintainable design - paired with advanced software integration - allows set up in minutes, remote control, and management.

1.1 SPECIFICATIONS

The specifications of the dryer can be found in the datasheet. It can be downloaded here: <u>Datasheet of the dryer</u>. See the battery limits for more detailed information about the interfaces and connections of the device: Battery limits of the dryer.

	DRY2.1
Nominal Hydrogen Drying Rate	35 bar version: 2.5 Nm³/h (2.0 Nm³/h) ¹ 8 bar version: 1.0 Nm³/h
Output Pressure	Up to 35 barg / 8 barg
Hydrogen Output Purity	≥99.999 % in molar fraction compliant with ISO14687
Average Dewpoint and Impurities	< -70 °C, (H_2O < 5 ppm, O_2 < 5 ppm)
Minimum Input Purity	35 bar version: > 99.8 % 8 bar version: > 98.0 %
Operative Power Consumption	200 W
Nominal Power Consumption	35 bar version: 0.045 kWh/Nm³ of H₂ 8 bar version: 0.14 kWh/Nm³ of H₂
Stand-by Power Consumption	10 W
Power Supply	200 – 240 V (AC), 50/60 Hz
Dimensions (W x H x D)	482 mm x 176 mm x 634 mm
Space inside cabinet	4 U
Weight	23 kg
Control System Included	EMS
Communications	Wi-Fi - 802.11a/b/g/n (2.4 GHz only) - 802.12 WEP, WPA, WPA2 Personal (Pre-shared key) - Wi-Fi client isolation must be disabled Bluetooth
Remote Control	Enapter Cloud Service, Enapter App
Safety	
Maximum H ₂ contained within device	47 NL
Conformity	CE certified according to the machine directive 2006/42/CE Category I Classified as per 2014/68/EU PED ISO 12100 IEC 61000-6-3 IEC 61000-6-2



B31:12 B31:12 B r: Ventilation depends on the room size. A hydrogen tion system with a safety circuit is mandatory. For: Protect from outside environmental influences if ated into a cabinet. Ensure the safety concept of integrated module is respected. D 45 °C, up to 90 % humidity, non-condensing to 55 °C, up to 90 % humidity, non-condensing
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agelok Tube Fitting
Device commissioned ² within three (3) months from date of delivery (DAP) Device commissioned ⁵ within four (4) months from supplier's notification date of readiness (Ex-works) Device is used for at least one (1) hour at a time, on average Ensure Enapter has access to operational data and

² Commissioning is defined as being connected and operated for at least 1 hour continuously

1.2 FRONT PANEL



DR2.1 front side

The front panel of the dryer includes all physical connections of the device.

- H₂ IN please refer to the Hydrogen Inlet Connection Guide below
 - 1/4" double ferrule Swagelok tube fitting bulkhead (SS-400-61)
 - Input: max. 2.5 Nm³/h H₂ at 35 Bar, max. 2.0 Nm³/h H₂ at 35 Bar for ETL certified dryer versions, max. 1.0 Nm³/h H₂ at 8 Bar
- H₂ OUT please refer to the <u>Hydrogen Outlet Connection Guide</u> below
 - 1/4" double ferrule Swagelok tube fitting bulkhead (SS-400-61)
 - Output: max. 2.5 Nm³/h H₂ at 35 Bar, max. 2.0 Nm³/h H₂ at 35 Bar for ETL certified dryer versions, max. 1.0 Nm³/h H₂ at 8 Bar
- H₂ PURGE please refer to the <u>Purge Connection Guide</u> below
 - 1/4" double ferrule Swagelok tube fitting bulkhead (SS-400-61)
 - Output: Intermittent, up to 28 NL H₂/h during some operational states + water vapor
 - Up to 47 NL H₂ is purged when the device is shut down.
- DEPR. open this depressurization line only before transportation of the dryer. Do not connect any pipe to this port.
- POWER please refer to the Electrical Connection Guide 5.
- On/Off Switch Use this button to switch the device on and off
- 7. Fuses please refer to the Electrical Connection Guide
 - to protect the device against overcurrent
- START STOP please refer to the Manual Start/Stop section below 8.
 - Manual start and stop button to start and stop the device
- ANT. Antenna port
 - The device can be connected to the local network via Bluetooth and Wi-Fi, enabling real-time updates and monitoring for the operator via the Enapter App and cloud. A miniature antenna can be attached to this port to increase the amplification.
 - Do not touch the port when the device is powered on!
- 10. LEDs please refer to the Appendix II

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- Status LEDs to show device status
- 11. Mesh please refer to the Routine Maintenance section below
 - Keep the mesh free and clean it regularly

1.3 BACK PANEL



DR2.1 back side

The back panel of the device is used to blow out warm air. The stickers show the device specifications and serial number details.



Notice! Never obstruct the ventilation openings to avoid overheating! Clean the ventilation openings regularly to avoid dust and bigger obstacles from blocking the inlets and outlets of the internal ventilation system. Please leave at least 30 cm space behind the module to allow adequate airflow.

1.4 NOMINAL USE CONDITIONS

To ensure eligibility for warranty claims, the following nominal use conditions must be met:

- = The device must be commissioned within three (3) months from the delivery date (DAP), or within four (4) months from the supplier's notification of readiness (Ex-Works), whichever applies.
- Commissioning is defined as the device being connected and operated continuously for a minimum of one (1) hour.
- During regular operation, the device must be used for an average duration of at least one (1) hour per session to avoid drying performance degradation.
- = The device must be operated within its specified parameters and protected from harmful environmental influences such as moisture, dust, and extreme temperatures.
- The device must be protected against vibrations caused either by transportation or heavy machinery near the devices. <8>



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- Enapter must be granted access to device operational data and telemetry upon request. This can be achieved either by maintaining a cloud connection with at least 95% uptime during system use, or by ensuring telemetry is reliably recorded via the Modbus interface in the case of non-cloud-connected systems. Enapter may ask for up to two (2) months of data to be transferred to check and verify operating conditions. More information about the required Modbus record can be found online in our <u>handbook</u>.
- Integrators or operators must perform the minimum required maintenance as specified in the Routine Maintenance section and maintain accurate records of all completed activities.

Failure to comply with these conditions may result in Enapter declining warranty claims.

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To minimize cycling and extend system lifetime, we recommend implementing intelligent production rate control strategies, and carefully monitoring automatic start/stop pressure thresholds. These allow the system to better follow the available load curve across multiple, modular electrolyzer systems, whilst maximizing the use of available green energy for hydrogen production.

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2. SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

2.1 WARNINGS AND HAZARDS

The following terms and symbols are used in this manual to indicate important text passages which must be given particular attention:



Warns of fatal/serious injuries or death



Warns of injury



Warns of physical damage to the product



Warns of explosions



Do not open or dismantle



Keep away from sources of heat and ignition.

No naked flames



No smoking



Minimum two persons required to handle the item



Wear personal protective equipment (PPE)



Wear hearing protection

2.2 GENERAL SAFETY



Serious injuries and death as well as damage to the product or the environment possible! Follow the instructions in this manual carefully!

The operator must be aware of the following:

- 1. The device is not intended to be used in a potentially explosive area
- 2. Enapter is not responsible for improper use:
 - Caused by inaccurate inputs
 - Caused by inaccurate input pressures
 - Caused by improper mounting or piping (e.g. leaking gas connections)
 - Caused by connecting the wrong power supply (e.g. wrong voltage)
 - Caused by improper installation
- 3. Regarding design and installation, the operator must **follow Enapter's installation rules** and **ensure full compliance** with all relevant local safety guidelines, rules, directives, and regulations.
- 4. The operator must check the device for hydrogen, water, and KOH leakages regularly and ensure that all interfaces are connected correctly.
- 5. It is the operator's responsibility to **regularly check and maintain all outlet lines** and **keep the pipes** free of ice, other obstructions, or overpressure.
- 6. It is the operator's responsibility to **regularly check and clean the air intakes and outlets** of the device, as well as to keep the air inlets/outlets free of obstructions.
- 7. If larger hydrogen systems are created by putting together several modules, it is the operator's responsibility to ensure full compliance of the final assembly with all relevant local safety guidelines, rules, directives, and regulations.

The following rules should always be observed:

- 1. **Keep the work area clean**. Clutter can create hazards around the device. Keep the work area well illuminated.
- 2. **Do not use the device in an explosive atmosphere**. Do not use the device near flammable substances.
- 3. Handle the power supply cable and plug with care. Do not pull the electric cable to disconnect it from the plug without removing power from it first. Keep the electric cable away from heat, oil, water, and sharp edges.
- 4. **Protect yourself from electric shocks.** Avoid any contact with earthing surfaces.
- 5. Never expose the device to rain or damp conditions.
- 6. **Keep children and people without explicit knowledge of the device and its function away** at a safe distance.
- 7. **Never operate the device in confined spaces** without additional safety infrastructures, such as active ventilation and hydrogen detection systems.
- 8. Always protect yourself:
 - Wear protective goggles and nitrile gloves when handling the electrolyte solution.



- Wear earmuffs or plugs in noisy areas.
- Wear gloves when handling the device.
- **Wear appropriate footwear** when handling the device.
- **Use lifting aids** if available when lifting the device. Never lift the device alone. Know your local and site-specific health and safety rules and act accordingly.
- 9. Always disconnect the device from electricity before cleaning, disassembly, and transport.
- 10. Only use the device in the way and for the purposes mentioned in this manual. If the device is employed for uses other than what is specified in this manual, unforeseen hazards may occur.
- 11. **Never attempt to repair the device** by yourself. The device must only be repaired by qualified specialists who use original spare parts.
- 12. Any maintenance activity, excluding the ones listed in the routine maintenance and installation sections, is only allowed to be performed by authorized **trained technicians**!
- 13. Any person working on the device **must be familiar and trained** with the hazards and risks associated with installing, commissioning, and running the device and attached devices.
- 14. Do not store or expose the device to temperatures below 2°C.

2.3 ADDITIONAL SAFETY FOR THE DRYER

In addition, the following rules should always be observed. It is the operator's responsibility to ensure that every person working with the device follows these rules:

- 1. Do not attach filled tanks or other equipment with pressures higher than the device's maximum outlet pressure to the H₂ outlet of the device.
- 2. Do not attach hydrogen sources other than the electrolyzers **specified by Enapter**.
- 3. Make sure that the H_2 purge line is **never obstructed**.

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3. HAZARDS

The operator who operates, services, maintains, or installs this device must be aware of the potential dangers associated with its use and set up, the required materials, as well as the inputs and outputs, to implement sufficient countermeasures and processes to prevent accidents and act correctly in case of emergencies.

Risk of serious injury, death, and damage to the product or environment! Follow the instructions in this manual carefully.



Always ensure that the device is installed and operated in compliance with all applicable local safety guidelines, rules, directives, and regulations.

Do not install, operate, or maintain the device without proper knowledge or the support of qualified and licensed system integrators, the manufacturer, or relevant certification bodies.

3.1 HYDROGEN HAZARD

It is the operator's responsibility to implement a safety system to manage the devices' inputs and outputs – more information about this is below.

Danger! Hydrogen is a highly explosive and volatile gas!

Hydrogen can explode! Do not mix hydrogen with oxygen or air! Prevent hydrogen from leaking! Even small leakages will create flammable and explosive environments!

Prevent electrostatic charging of the device. Hydrogen ignites very easily! Do not inhale hydrogen!



Hydrogen can cause asphyxiation!

Hydrogen is very volatile. Still, it can accumulate in areas and materials that are unexpected. Do not handle hydrogen without a suitable ventilation and safety system!



Incorporate the device, especially the hydrogen and the vent lines, into the operational safety concept and comply with all relevant local safety guidelines, rules, directives, and regulations.



Avoid heat in the vicinity of the device.

Do not smoke and do have naked flames in the vicinity of the device.

Do not have hydrogen, not even in low concentrations, in the vicinity of the device.

The hydrogen which comes out of the device is under pressure! Comply with all relevant local safety guidelines, rules, directives, and regulations for the handling of compressed hydrogen.

In the case of escaping gas, stay away and keep inflammable materials away. Ensure proper installation of the supply pipes.

Check the hydrogen lines and connectors regularly for leakages.

3.2 MECHANICAL HAZARDS

It is always necessary to wear appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE) and use suitable tools when handling the device and packaging material.

Some general training with regards to lifting heavy loads and general safety briefings are required to perform the tasks safely described in this manual.

Operators must comply with the general safety principles during the handling phases.

Caution! The device is heavy!





- Before handling, moving, and commissioning the device, assess the hazards of the operation and study the manual. Appropriate PPE must be worn, such as cut resistant gloves, safety shoes, protective goggles, etc. depending on the activity.
- Clear the area of work before starting to mount the device.
- The device is heavy and must be lifted by at least 2 people plan around this and allow ample space to move around.
- Do not lift the device over your head.

Caution! Handle the device with care!



- During handling of the device, be cautious and use the handles on the device to minimize the mechanical risks, such as:
- Impacts and crushing injuries due to uncontrolled movements of the load.
- Dropping the device, causing crushing injuries
- Loss of stability, leading to entanglements and other injuries.
- The packaging/device must be handled by at least two people.

3.3 ELECTRICAL HAZARDS

The device poses no special electrical hazards if the following instructions on safety measures are followed, and the Electrical Connection Guide below is applied correctly:

Warning! The device requires an electrical power supply!

- Handle the electrical installation with care. Ensure that the power plug is fastened and fixed correctly into the socket to avoid any loosening of the wiring.
- The power plug is not double insulated. Therefore, it could become hazardous in single fault conditions. Make sure to disconnect the upstream power source before touching the power plug.



- Use only the supply voltage specified for the device.
- Do not short-circuit inputs and outputs.
- Do not reverse the polarity of inputs and outputs.
- Do not insert any mechanical parts, especially metal parts, into the device through the ventilation slots or other openings.
- Do not use liquids near the device.
- Never use the device if any part of it has been immersed in water.
- Do not touch the antenna when the device is powered on, ensure being electrostatically discharged when mounting/dismounting the antenna.

Warning! Explosion hazard! Do not remove or replace the power supply plug or fuses while circuit is live unless the area is free of ignitable concentrations.



Always turn off the device, remove the power supply, and fully ventilate the room first before removing or replacing the fuses. Otherwise, electric sparks may occur. The area must always be free of ignitable concentrations.

Warning!



Always turn off the power supply when the device is being cleaned, maintained, or transported. Any service, other than cleaning and routine user maintenance, must be performed by trained Enapter-endorsed technicians.

3.4 CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Potassium Hydroxide is used in the electrolyzer as the main process liquid (electrolyte). The electrolyte usually comes pre-mixed with the electrolyzer, but it can also be purchased as a powder to be diluted in purified water.

Caution! The device contains chemicals!



Refer to the Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) of all chemicals used before handling them. All persons mixing, draining, and handling the electrolyte must be informed about the chemicals and potential hazards.



Caution! Protect yourself!

Wear appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE). Avoid contact with eyes and skin.



If the solution comes into contact with your skin or eyes, immediately rinse the affected area thoroughly with water. Refer to the Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) for potassium hydroxide, provided with the electrolyzer, for further safety instructions.



Ensure all material used to store the electrolyte solution is chemically compatible with it

In the event of physical contact with the undiluted substance, refer to the material safety data sheet of potassium hydroxide and follow the instructions below.

First Aid Recommendations



- In the event of skin contact, take off contaminated clothing immediately. Wash off with soap and plentiful water. Consult a doctor.
- In the event of eye contact, rinse carefully with plentiful water for at least
 15 minutes and consult a doctor.
- If ingested, do not administer anything to people that have fainted. Rinse mouth with water. Consult a doctor immediately.

3.5 CHEMICAL INFORMATION

Substance: Potassium Hydroxide

CAS no.: 1310-58-3 EC no.: 215-181-3 Classification: C.

R Phrases: R22, R36/38, R43, R42 S Phrases: S24-37, S39, S62

(see Safety Material Data Sheet included in the shipment)

3.6 THERMAL HAZARDS

Thermal hazards such as burns and scalds from contact with high-temperature surfaces can be prevented by following these safety instructions:

Caution! Parts of the device and attached pipes and connectors can become very hot!



Do not open the device unless you are specifically trained and authorized by Enapter to perform service operations.

Do not touch the outlet ports or any attached pipes directly after operation. Switch off the device and wait until it is cooled down before servicing, transporting, or changing the piping of the device.

3.7 ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

The device has been designed for use in standard ambient conditions, respecting stability requirements (in the absence of seismic or hydrogeological events).

The device has not been designed for outdoor use. It is the operator's responsibility to protect the device and all its accessories against atmospheric phenomena such as direct sunlight, rain, snow, and lightning.

3.8 ACOUSTIC HAZARDS

According to the requirements stated into the Machine Directive 2006/42/EC, the following topics have been considered:



Caution! The device vents gases with a loud noise!

During regular operation, the device emits a noise level below the maximum acceptable threshold for long time exposure (80 dBA).



However, a sudden vent (either caused by device shut down or unforeseen error) can be louder than 85 dB, depending on the vent line installation. Due to this, Enapter recommends wearing PPE (earplugs) while working around the device.



4 INSTALLATION OF THE DRYFR

Any person working on the device must be familiar with the hazards and risks associated with installing, commissioning, and running it. The device is a non-portable device. It must be installed in a secured, fixed horizontal position to prevent accidental movement or dropping.

4.1 UNPACKING

The device has been carefully inspected and tested before shipping. Visual checks for damage and functional tests should be performed upon receipt. During transport, installation, packaging or unpackaging, do not tilt, shake, or turn the device by more than 50° to avoid damage. Do not install the device on an inclined position of more than 10°.

Please remove the thin foil that covers the chassis before mounting the device in its final position. Make sure to not remove the warranty labels on the backside when removing the foil.

Please retain the original shipping materials. Devices must be returned in their original packaging – or in equivalent protective packaging - to ensure safe transport. Enapter will accept returned devices; however, if a device is damaged during transit due to inadequate packaging, repair or replacement costs may be charged to the sender. If retaining the original shipping materials is not possible, please recycle them responsibly.

Notice! Claim transport damage directly on arrival!



If any damage has occurred during transport, please report this immediately to the shipping agent and supplier or do not accept the shipment(if possible). If damaged, the device should be returned according to the shipping instructions provided in this manual, in the section "Transport, Maintenance and Recycling".

Caution! The device is heavy!



Never lift the device out of the packaging alone. The device weighs over 20 kg. Please see the data sheet for more details.



Use lifting aids if available.

Due to their weight and size, it is recommended to use a pallet cart or similar devices to maneuver the box upon delivery.

If the box must be lifted somewhere, always lift with at least two people.

4.2 TOOLS, MATERIAL AND ACCESSORIES REQUIRED

The following tools, equipment, and material are needed to connect the device successfully. Ensure the material chosen for this task is compatible with hydrogen operation.

4.2.1 TOOLS

- 9/16" combination wrench
- 5/8" combination wrench
- Slotted screwdriver
- Stainless-steel pipe cutter
- ¼" tube bender



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4.2.2 MATERIAL

Stainless-steel AISI 136- ASTM A269 ¼" outside diameter



4.2.3 ACCESSORIES (INCLUDED IN BOX)

- = Ferrite cylinder for power input cable
- Male connector for electricity
- = 2 x fuses
- Swagelok Nut and Ferrule set
- Antenna for increased amplification of wi-fi













4.3 IMPLEMENTING SYSTEM SAFETY

Each connection to and from the device must be inspected and tested. Additional system engineering might be required to ensure safe operation.

Always follow best practices, apply local codes of regulation (if applicable), and follow industry standards for the implementation of safety systems to manage the risks of producing and storing hydrogen.

Gas containing pipes must be properly connected to the specific ports, tested by the operator, and directed to separate safe areas. If this is not possible, the operator must find another safe solution, such as using a flare stack, burn box, or forced dilution. When forced dilution is utilized, all components used in this process must not be able to ignite the hazardous substances.



Danger! The device contains explosive and highly volatile gases!

It is the operator's responsibility to ensure good engineering practices are applied to the hazardous substances which are released during the operation of the device!



The operator must ensure that the outlet satisfies all relevant local safety guidelines, rules, directives, and regulations, in terms of the safe dispersion of the vented gas, noise emission, risk assessments, maintenance, a satisfactory safety concept being utilized, and all other relevant areas.

It is the operator's responsibility to regularly check and maintain all pipes.

4.3.1 SAFETY AREAS AROUND THE VENT OUTLETS

In general, there are two options for defining a safe area. The extent of this area depends on several factors, including the diameter and length of the piping leading to it, the design of the vent outlet, exit gas velocity, and prevailing wind conditions.

Preferably, the operator should:

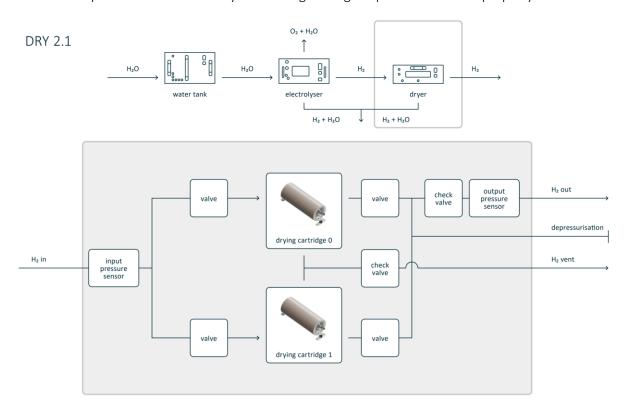
- 1. Calculates the measurements of the safety area based on the provided data for each specific output and applies industrial standards such as the following to their system design, safety concept, and site documentation.
 - ≡ EIGA Doc 211/17: Hydrogen Vent Systems for Customer Applications
 - CGA G5.5: Hydrogen Vent Systems
 - ISO/TR 15916:2015: Basic considerations for the safety of hydrogen systems
- 2. Or follows the recommendations of Enapter for systems consisting of up to ten (eight ¹) electrolyzers and two dryers. The safety area is cylindrical and has a height of 10 meters and a radius of 5 meters. Note that depending on the design of the vent piping and exit velocity, this area also extends in the direction of the ground by at least 1 meter.
 - Never place the O_2 vent outlet near the H_2 vent or H_2 purge outlet to minimize the risk of explosion. Leave at least 3 meters of space between the gas outlets.

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¹ ETL certified electrolyzer versions only

4.4 SIMPLIFIED PROCESS FLOW DIAGRAM (PFD)

The following diagram shows internal components of the device as well as how it interacts with the Enapter Electrolyzer and the Enapter Water Tank. It is also available here. Please note that this diagram has been simplified to enhance clarity while safeguarding Enapter's intellectual property.



PFD of the DR2.1

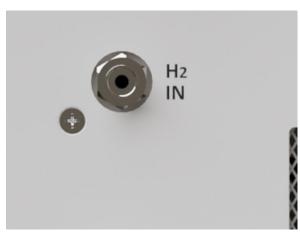
4.5 INSTRUCTIONS FOR CONNECTING STAINLESS-STEEL TUBES

All pressurized hydrogen gas connections are Swagelok tube fittings for ¼" outside diameter (OD) tubes. The inlets/outlets to be connected according to these instructions are labelled "H2 In", "H2 Out" and "H₂ Purge" on the front panel of the device.

Follow the instructions of the fittings manufacturer carefully to install leak tight connections. Cut the pipes perpendicular to the required length. Make sure that the pipes are not under tension. Ensure the pipe is free of score marks, the cut is perpendicular across the tube and remove sharp edges. Properly clean the pipes, especially if they have been in contact with dust, dirt or cutting particles. Make sure that the pipes do not come into contact with oil or other liquids before or during the installation. Contamination inside the pipes may damage the device and connected components.

Always check each connection for leaks! For more information, please refer to Appendix I below.

HYDROGEN INLET CONNECTION GUIDE (H2 IN)



Following the steps outlined above, connect the hydrogen output line of the electrolyzers to the "H2" IN" port, located at the top left of the front panel. Make sure that the connected electrolyzers combined do not exceed the maximum allowable flow rate of the dryer.

Up to five electrolyzers (35 bar)/ four electrolyzers (ETL)/two electrolyzers (8 bar) and one dryer can be connected safely together in a 19" rack by using a common purge line.

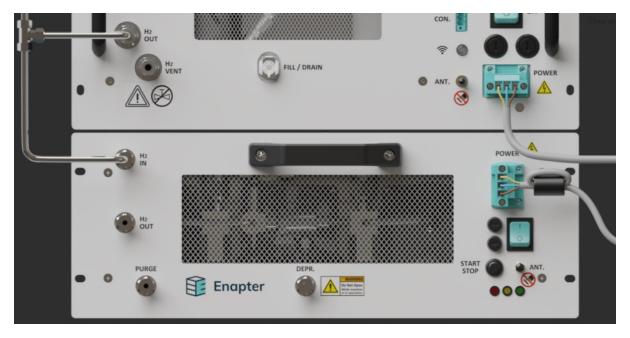
DR H₂ IN

Danger! Risk of explosion!



All pressurized connections must be inspected and checked for leakages. Failure to do so significantly increases the risk of explosion. After operation, this pipe might stay under pressure. Release the pressure carefully before opening the connection.

Enapter is not responsible for any damage caused by improperly installed equipment.



EL H_2 OUT connected to DR H_2 IN

4.5.2 HYDROGEN OUTLET CONNECTION GUIDE (H₂ OUT)



Connect the H₂ Out port, located at the left of the front panel, to a hydrogen storage. It is recommended to fit a shut-off valve between the tank and the dryer to be able isolate each component during maintenance.

DR H₂ OUT port

Danger! Explosive gases in pressurized pipes!

All pressurized connections must be carefully inspected and checked for leaks. Failure to do so significantly increases the risk of explosion.

Ensure that all pressurized piping is clean and free from metal swarf, obstructions, or other particles, as these may cause injury or equipment damage—especially during rapid depressurization.

A pressure relief device must be installed between the $H_{\mathbf{2}}$ Out port and any downstream equipment or hydrogen storage to prevent overpressure and protect connected systems.

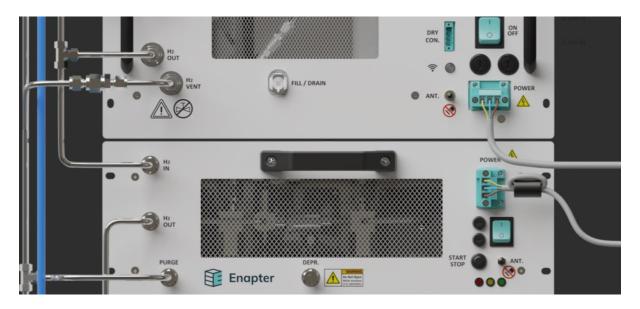


Enapter is not liable for damage resulting from improper installation.

When assembling larger hydrogen systems using multiple modules, ensure that downstream piping is correctly sized. Undersized piping can restrict flow and create operational hazards. It is the operator's responsibility to select suitable piping and ensure that the entire outlet system complies with all relevant local guidelines, rules, directives, and regulations - particularly those related to gas handling, noise emissions, risk assessment, maintenance, and safety.

All piping must be regularly inspected and maintained by the operator.

For any questions regarding piping configuration or installation, please contact **Enapter Customer Support.**



DR H₂ OUT connected

4.5.3 PURGE CONNECTION GUIDE (H₂ VENT)



DR PURGE port

Connect the H_2 purge port, located at the bottom left of the front panel, to the hydrogen purge outlet.

After ramp down, the device depressurizes and releases up to 47 liters (35 barg version) or 11 liters (8 barg version) of hydrogen within 2 seconds. The result is a momentary flow rate of up to $85 \text{ Nm}^3/\text{h}$ which comes out of the H_2 Purge outlet, creating some noise, therefore, we recommend wearing PPE earplugs when close to the device.

Purging (venting of hydrogen) is necessary to release the water which has been extracted from the hydrogen, which condenses in the line. Additionally, in some of the operational states of the device, a regeneration flow of up to 30 NL/h is released through the purge line together with water vapor.

The released hydrogen will pose a risk of explosion – therefore, it must be led into a safe area, typically elevated to a height of at least 3m, without any source of ignitions. For more information, see the section Safety areas around the vent outlets. If this is not possible, please contact Enapter support, as managing the purge in other ways, such as using a flare stack, burn box, or forced dilution is possible, but requires careful consideration.

Danger! Risk of explosion!

Never mix the output of the H_2 purge line with the output of the O_2 vent line.

The H_2 purge line can be combined with the H_2 vent line of any Enapter single-core electrolyzer.

Ensure that the line always remains open to the atmosphere and that no pressure build-up exceeding 0.2 barg occurs inside the line. Any overpressure or blockage may lead to damage to the device. It is critical to prevent any conditions that could result in the pipe being closed off or subjected to backpressure.



The line contains water steam and liquid water which can freeze and block the pipe.

The pipe of each device and the common pipes for several devices must be sized appropriately and managed with an appropriate drainage system and good engineering practices to always allow the gas to flow while still draining the water safely.

The operator must ensure that the outlet satisfies all relevant local safety guidelines, rules, directives, and regulations, in terms of the safe dispersion of the vented gas, noise emission, risk assessments, maintenance, a satisfactory safety concept being utilized, and all other relevant areas.

It is the operator's responsibility to regularly check and maintain all pipes.

Enapter is not responsible for any damage caused to the device from mismanaged piping arrangements.

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EL and DR Purge line connected

Important: When connecting to the port labeled "Purge", always use piping, connectors, and sealants that are H2, KOH, and pressure resistant.

Since water can condense inside the lines, all purge and vent lines must be installed with a consistent downward slope. Avoid horizontal sections, as these can cause water buildup and blockages. Lines that run outside the container or rack - especially those some distance from the device - may be exposed to cold or freezing ambient conditions and may need to be protected.

The lowest point of the vent line should be where condensation is expected to accumulate and should be fitted with a water trap, unless the piping is designed in a way that allows condensed water to drain or be pushed out effectively, without causing an excessive pressure drop.

It is the responsibility of the integrator to ensure that the system is designed to prevent safety risks by applying standard engineering practices. If the vent line becomes obstructed or freezes, the system may not be able to return to a safe state and could experience performance issues. Frozen water in the piping can lead to leaks and other failures, which must be addressed by the integrator. For larger systems, it is generally recommended to use a larger diameter tube to connect the output of multiple vent lines. This helps reduce internal flow velocity, improves the effectiveness of water traps, and lowers maintenance requirements.

4.5.4 INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE DEPRESSURIZATION LINE (DEPR)

Do not open the cap of the depressurization line unless instructed by Enapter. This line is to release pressure in case of an emergency or error. It is not relevant for normal usage.

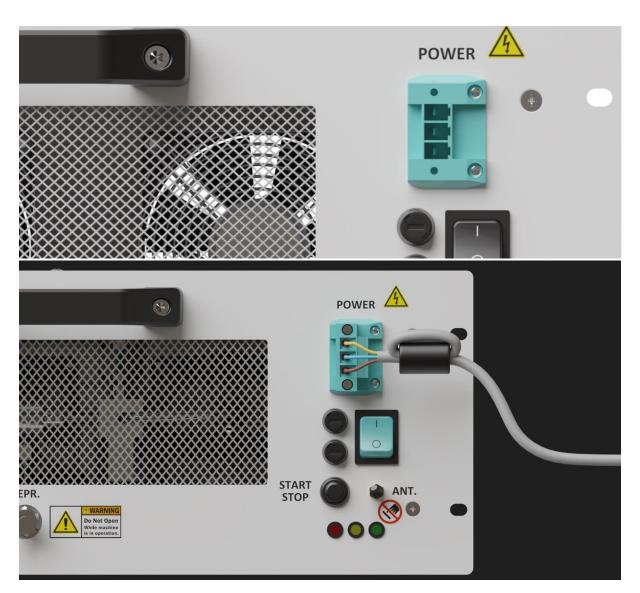


Danger! Risk of explosion!

If this cap is not completely closed or removed during operation, hydrogen will be released into the surroundings and create an explosive atmosphere. Therefore, it is important to keep the depressurization line sealed using the provided cap.

4.6 ELECTRICAL CONNECTION GUIDE

Before mounting the power input cable to the male connector, ensure the cable is passed twice through the ferrite (included with each dryer) as shown in the pictures below. The ferrite has an internal diameter of 13.77 mm (307 Ohm, 100 MHz).



DR Power Connector



Warning! Explosion hazard. Do not remove or replace the power connector while circuit is live unless the area is free of ignitable concentrations!

Always switch off the device and fully ventilate the room before disconnecting the power supply.

The area must be free of ignitable gas concentrations, as electrical sparks may occur during disconnection.



Warning! Risk of electrical shock!

Double-check all wiring connections before supplying power to the device.



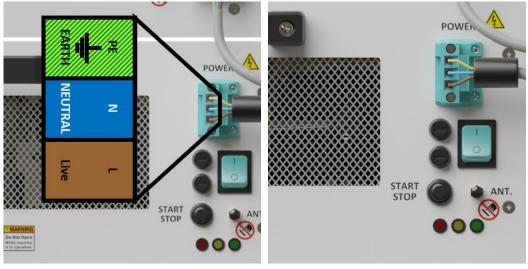
Failure to follow this instruction may result in equipment damage and create hazardous conditions in and around the device.

Ensure that the power supply's male connector is always securely fastened to the female connector using the designated screws to prevent accidental disconnection.

Never handle the electrical connections with wet hands!

Connect the device to the socket labelled "Power". In the images below, brown indicates the live conductor, blue indicates neutral, and yellow/green represents the protective earth (PE) connection. However, wire color codes may vary depending on local standards. Always verify wiring according to your local rules and regulations before proceeding with installation. The datasheet of the power supply plug can be found here.

Follow the relevant safety standards and ensure that all relevant local safety guidelines, rules, directives, and regulations are adhered to. The minimum cable cross-section diameter for each connection is 1 mm². Ensure to use the male connector in the correct orientation, as shown below.



DR Power Connector

DR Power Connector

Enapter recommends installing a protective device against overload and short circuits on the power supply line; this must be selected in relation to the device's maximum power consumption and in compliance with all local and national safety requirements. To further increase the electrical safety of the dryer, it is recommended to install an SPD (Surge Protection Device) to protect the device from potential over-voltages generated by lightning strikes, as well as an appropriately sized differential breaker for the installation.

The device must be connected to a protective earth connection to prevent people from contact with dangerous voltage and to allow the correct functioning of the device. The earthing must comply with all relevant local safety guidelines, rules, directives, and regulations.

In case the fuses blow, open the slots on the front panel to replace them. The fuses to be used are the following: Two fuses each with 250 V, 1.5 A, \emptyset 5 x 20mm.



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Warning! Explosion hazard and risk of electrical shock! Do not remove or replace fuses when energized!



Always turn off the device, remove the power supply and fully ventilate the room first before removing or replacing the fuses. - electric sparks may occur.

It is the operator's responsibility to check all connections (pipes, tubes, wires) before starting the device. This applies especially if modifications have been executed on the device. During the initial start-up and in regular time intervals, all connections must be checked for leakages and damage. Please see the maintenance chapter for more information.

4.7 INITIAL OPERATION OF THE DRYER

4.7.1 PREPARING FOR H₂ DRYING

Now that the device is connected, here is what to do next to get it running.

4.7.2 PAIRING THE DEVICE TO THE CLOUD

It is time to power on the device for the first time. Put the switch at the top of the front panel in the upper position to switch the device on.

Download the Enapter app from the Apple App Store or the Google Play Store. After installing, open the app. For detailed information about the app, please refer to the mobile application handbook.

- 1. If you are using the application for the first time, you will need to register. If you already have an account, please skip this step.
 - To create an account, click on the create account button of the first screen.
- 2. After logging in on the Enapter app, create a site a virtual environment which will show all the telemetries collected from the devices connected to the cloud via Enapter's UCMs (Universal Communication Modules). Additional <u>UCMs to connect to third party devices</u> can be purchased via Enapter.
- 3. Add all your devices to the newly created site by clicking on "Add device" and scanning the QR code which is located on the front panel of each device. The device will start drying hydrogen automatically as soon as sufficient inlet pressure is detected on the "H₂ IN" port.

After the pairing, the device will ask for a firmware update (if outdated). We recommend always using the latest firmware version to ensure all features are available and any previously encountered bugs have been fixed. For questions regarding the firmware, please visit the firmware section in the handbook.

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5. OPERATION OF THE DRYFR

Before powering on the device, ensure the power cable and all pipes are properly connected and secured as described in this manual.

5.1 MANUAL START/STOP

When the device is in standby mode, push the start/stop button, this will start the device if sufficient inlet pressure is present.

To stop the device, simply push the start/stop button again. The device then ramps down and vents the contained H₂ to return itself to a safe state.

Notice! Properly shut down the device to avoid damage!



Do not unplug/disconnect the power to the device without either manually or via software control shutting down the device safely. Unexpected power cuts can shorten the device's lifetime and damage it!

Please be aware that in the first 20 hours of operation, the hydrogen purity might not reach the maximum yet as the internal parts might contain some remaining humidity from assembly and testing.

5.2 REMOTE START/STOP

The device can be started/stopped remotely using the Enapter app or cloud as well as remotely via the Modbus interface. For more information on this, please refer to the online Enapter handbook.

The device can be controlled automatically by setting up a rule-based engine. If this is in place, it will start automatically from standby once it detects incoming pressure in the hydrogen inlet pipe. A stop command should be sent when the electrolyzers stop supplying the dryer with hydrogen. This can be done manually via the app, or it can be performed by the rule-based control system built upon the Enapter EMS. Otherwise, the dryer will go into standby, waiting for inlet pressure to start operation again. To find out more about how to set up the rule-based controls for automatic stopping of the dryer, please consult the Enapter Handbook.

The device is equipped with two cartridges which operate alternatingly (see chapter Simplified Process Flow Diagram (PFD)). While one cartridge is drying the hydrogen, the other cartridge is recovering. One drying and recovery cycle takes 10 h, so 20 h in total for both cartridges until the first cartridge starts drying hydrogen again. The different device states are described in the following passages.

5.3 DRYING

In this state, the saturated cartridge in block 0/1 is heated to $150\,^{\circ}\text{C}$ so that the moisture inside evaporates and can exit through the purge line, pushed by a small regeneration flow of hydrogen at atmospheric pressure. This regenerates the cartridge in block 0/1 so it can later absorb humidity from the hydrogen again. Meanwhile, the other cartridge in block 1/0 is dehumidifying the hydrogen that passes through it. Depending on the device configuration and pressure, this process can take about 5 h (35 barg version) or 4.5 h (8 barg version).



5.4 COOLING

Since the saturated cartridge in block 0/1 was heated up to 150 °C, it needs to be cooled down to absorb humidity again. The heater is turned off, and a small amount of hydrogen flows through the cartridge to cool it down for about 2 h (for both 35 barg and 8 barg version). Meanwhile, the other cartridge in block 1/0 is still dehumidifying the hydrogen that passes through it.

5.5 SWITCHING

This process slowly allows pressure to build back up in the newly regenerated cartridge in block 0/1. Meanwhile, the other cartridge in block 1/0 continues to dehumidify the hydrogen passing through it. No gas is being vented.

5.6 PRESSURIZING

This quick, 1 min process pressurizes the cartridge that was previously heated and then cooled. An equal amount of hydrogen flows through both cartridges, and they both dehumidify the hydrogen. No gas is being vented.

5.7 FINALIZING

The hydrogen now flows through the newly regenerated and dried cartridge in block 0/1 while the saturated cartridge in block 1/0 is depressurized for 1 min so it can be regenerated in the next step.

5.8 DRYER CONTROL NETWORK

If the Dryer Control Network is enabled, the dryer will start only when at least one electrolyzer is in "steady state". In all other cases, the dryer will be automatically turned off. To avoid the dryer from being started automatically, the button on the front panel or the stop button in the cloud can be used.

Find more information about the <u>Dryer Control Network</u> in the handbook.

5.9 TROUBLESHOOTING

The device can be continuously monitored and controlled remotely. This allows quick and easy detection of warnings and errors. The device will automatically stop the operation in case of a fatal error. For troubleshooting, please visit the <u>troubleshooting guide</u>.



6. ENAPTER MONITORING TOOLS

The device can be monitored and controlled remotely by authorized people by logging into Enapter's cloud services on a web browser (https://cloud.enapter.com/login).

The device comes with a preinstalled UCM (Universal Communication Module) to monitor and manage the device. Various sensor data from the devices is stored in the Enapter Cloud in a time-series database and provides real-time or on-demand visualization of collected data on customizable dashboards. To support the latest protocols and security fixes, the UCM can be updated over-the-air.

Every device can be directly integrated with the Enapter Software-Defined EMS (Energy Management System). The UCM inside the device connects either directly to the Enapter Cloud, or via an Enapter Gateway which readies the device for Industry 4.0 - to find out more, please visit the Enapter handbook.

Any operator of Enapter products can now integrate a wide range of devices and analogue inputs into the hydrogen production environment. System data of integrated devices is read continuously and is then securely transmitted to the cloud, which can be accessed from anywhere in the world via the web interface or with the Enapter mobile application.

After the setup of the device is finished, it can be managed via the mobile or web dashboard, which includes Automated Control and Monitoring functionality by customizable logic of the Enapter Rule Engine (requires an Enapter Gateway on the site).

6.1 MOBILE APPLICATION

Enapter's mobile application makes the installation, monitoring and controlling of any energy system quick and easy. If any part of the hydrogen system encounters an issue, the mobile app can send push notifications to alert the operator. This functionality is available via Wi-Fi or mobile network, all over the world.

To find out more, please refer to the Enapter handbook.

7. MAINTENANCE OF THE DRYER

This device is designed to provide many hours of service with minimal and easy maintenance. Proper care and maintenance by qualified personnel help to maximize the operating life of the device. Leave enough space around the device to allow proper inspection, maintenance, and cleaning. This section must be read carefully and understood. Leave enough space around the device to allow proper inspection, maintenance, and cleaning.



Serious injuries and death as well as damage to the product or the environment possible!

Follow the instructions in this manual carefully!

7.1 UPDATES

Enapter provides firmware updates to include new functionality and to fix and improve system stability and performance. It is recommended to check for updates using mobile phone app or the cloud web interface regularly and install them. In some cases, interfaces or compatibility with other devices might change due to an update. To make sure that an update is not negatively affecting the overall setup, please read the release notes beforehand and inform the Enapter customer support team in case of doubts.

7.2 ROUTINE MAINTENANCE

The device should be inspected at least once a year for apparent signs of physical deterioration. All hydrogen connections must be tested for leakages regularly; it is recommended to use one of the techniques listed in the section: Hydrogen Leak Testing.

Caution! Only authorized maintenance!

Any maintenance activities, excluding the ones listed in the Routine Maintenance and installation sections, are only allowed to be performed by trained technicians!



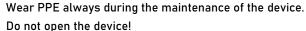
Warning! Explosion hazard. Do not remove or replace antennas, lamps, fuses, plug-in modules (as applicable) or other components unless the power has been disconnected, or the area is free of ignitable concentrations!



Always turn off the device and fully ventilate the room first before removing the power supply. Otherwise, electric sparks may occur. The area must always be free of ignitable concentrations.



Shut down the device, remove the power and wait until the device is cooled down before working on it in any way.





During maintenance, avoid heat in the vicinity of the device and the hydrogen source. No smoking, no naked flames.

Prevent electrostatic charging of the device.

Before starting to work on the device, ensure being aware of all relevant local health and safety guidelines, rules, directives, and regulations, as well as action plans if an accident occurs.



7.3 CLEANING

When performing the routine maintenance processes and checks, the device should be inspected and cleaned. Start by carefully using a vacuum cleaner (not included) to clean out the ventilation openings/grills. Afterwards, use a damp cloth (no acids, aggressive, or abrasive substances) to clean the outside of the device.



Caution! Unplug device before cleaning!

Remove the supply of power before cleaning the device. Never handle the electrical connections with wet hands. Ensure the device is dry before reconnecting the power supply.



Notice! No internal cleaning necessary!

The internal components of the device do not need to be cleaned and must not be accessed by the operator for cleaning.



Only trained and authorized personnel are allowed to open and inspect the device for maintenance reasons.

7.4 DISPOSAL

Enapter is fully committed to recycling the devices and its components.



Please return the device to Enapter at the end of life, where it will be fully recycled.

By ensuring this product is correctly recycled, you will help to further reduce your impact on the environment and aid us in making the world cleaner and greener.



7.5 TRANSPORT

For returns within warranty, repairs, or recycling, please report your device issue to the Enapter <u>customer support team</u> to receive the Return Material Authorization (RMA) form and the packaging instructions.

Before transport, verify that the device completely cooled down and that the dryer has been depressurized by temporarily opening the cap from the depressurization line. Place the plastic caps on the remaining connections. Ensure the device is transported in an upright position, and that a tilt indicator for this is clearly visible on the outside of the packaging.



Notice! Use original shipping material only!

Enapter may not accept the device if returned without the original shipping boxes or equivalent for safe transport. If damage occurs during the return of a device under warranty, Enapter will not cover the costs of repair.



Caution! The device is heavy!

Never lift a device alone, as it weighs over 20 kg. Use lifting aids if available.



Due to their weight and size, it is recommended to use a pallet cart or similar devices to maneuver the box upon delivery. If the box must be lifted, always lift it with at least two people.

Notice! Do not exceed the allowed temperatures!



During winter, or when outside conditions are below freezing temperature as well as for very hot environments, the shipping box must be additionally marked with a label informing the shipping agent that the package may not be exposed to temperatures outside of the given storage temperatures stated in the datasheet.

Dry2.1 – Owner's Manual

8. APPENDIX

Appendix I. Hydrogen Leak Testing

As part of a hydrogen device, it is of vital importance to check every connection made for leaks.

There are three main ways recommended to check for leaks:

- 1. Surface hydrogen detection
- 2. Soap bubble testing
- 3. Pressure drops testing

Surface hydrogen testing

Using a calibrated hydrogen sniffer, slowly check for leaks around each connection.

PROS

- Precise, it can pinpoint even small leakages
- Can grade leakages according to leakage rates

CONS

Does not work when there are elevated levels of hydrogen in the atmosphere

Soap bubble testing

Using a mixture of soap and water (please ensure the soap used is compatible with the device and the materials used), the solution is dropped on individual connections using a small pipette. If the connection bubbles, a leak is present.

PROS

- Can be fast for larger leaks on small parts when testing multiple at one time
- Low-cost
- Best method for detecting exact leak location detection
- Accurate, it works even with elevated background H₂ levels

CONS

- Cannot detect tiny leakages
- No leak rate or test result information
- Slow: Detecting small bubbles on typical parts can take much longer than other methods.
- Risky: An extremely operator dependent technique with a high possibility of passing actual failures.

Pressure drop testing

This test is performed by isolating individual sections of a pipe while monitoring the pressure contained within over time and should be performed at the maximum operating pressure of the device. If a drop in pressure is observed, which cannot be attributed to changes in temperature, a leak exists.

PROS

- Useful for final verification during device commissioning
- Can verify several connections at the same time

CONS

- Cannot detect exact leakage source
- Cannot grade leakage rates accurately

Appendix II. LED States



EL4.0 AC version LEDs

DR2.1 LEDs

The three LEDs on the front panel help to indicate the device status and operating condition. During normal operation, the LEDs indicate the status of the device. Please visit the Handbook for the LED status indication of the <u>electrolyzer</u> and the <u>dryer</u>.

Appendix III. Error Codes

The warning and error codes for the DR21 can be found here. Check which firmware is installed on the device and then choose "Modbus TCP Communication Interface" and then "Warning, Error and Fatal Error Codes" to access all warning and errors.